	S5 Nat 5 Revision 3 – Calculator	30
1	There are 3×10^5 platelets per millilitre of blood. On average, a person has 5.5 litres of blood. On average, how many platelets does a person have in their blood? Give your answer in scientific notation.	2
2	Solve the inequality $9 - 3(x - 1) > 15$	3
3	A straight line passes through the points $C(6,9)$ and $D(2a, a^2)$. Find the gradient between these two points. Give your answer as a fraction in its simplest form	3
4	The graph below shows part of a parabola with the equation $y = x^2 - 10x + 19.$ (a) Write the equation of the parabola in the form $y = (x - a)^2 + b$ (b) State the equation of the axis of symmetry for this parabola. (c) State the coordinates of the turning point.	5
5	Express $\sqrt{50} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{18}$ as a surd in the simplest form	3
6	A fan is made from four identical plastic blades.	
	Each blade is a sector of a circle with a radius of 7 cm. The angle at the centre of each sector is 66°. Calculate the total area of plastic required to make the blades for this fan.	4

7Solve algebraically the system of equations5x - 2y = 5
2x + 2y = 2138Simplify $\frac{10a^7b^3}{2ab^5}$ 49Express $\frac{4}{x} + \frac{2}{x+1}, x \neq 0, x \neq -1$ 3As a single fraction in its simplest form.3

	Revision 3 Non Calculator Answers
1	$3 \times 10^5 \times 5.5 \times 1000 = 1650000000$ 1.65 × 10⁹
2	$9 - 3x + 3 > 15 \rightarrow 12 - 3x > 15 \rightarrow -3 > 3x - 1 > x \text{ or } x < -1$
3	gradient = $\frac{a^2 - 9}{2a - 6} = \frac{(a + 3)(a - 3)}{2(a - 3)} = \frac{a + 3}{2}$
	$gradient = \frac{1}{2a-6} = \frac{1}{2(a-3)} = \frac{1}{2}$
4	$x^2 - 10x + 19 = (x - 5)^2 - 6$
	The axis of symmetry is $x = 5$ and the turning point is $(5, -6)$
5	$\sqrt{50} - \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{18} = 5\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2} = 7\sqrt{2}$
6	Area of sector $=\frac{66}{260} \times \pi \times 7^2 = 28.22197 \ cm^2$
	Area of fan is $4 \times 28.22 = 112.388 = 113 \ cm^2$.
7	Simultaneous equations
	5x - 2y = 5 Scale $15x - 6y = 15$
	$2x + 3y = 21 \qquad \underline{4x + 6y = 42}$
	19x = 57
	x = 3, y = 5
8	$(10 \div 2)(a^{7-1})(b^{3-5}) = 5a^6b^{-2} = \frac{5a^6}{b^2}$
	b^2
9	$\frac{4(x+1)}{x(x+1)} + \frac{2x}{x(x+1)} = \frac{4x+4+2x}{x(x+1)} = \frac{6x+4}{x(x+1)}$
	$\frac{1}{x(x+1)} + \frac{1}{x(x+1)} = \frac{1}{x(x+1)} = \frac{1}{x(x+1)} = \frac{1}{x(x+1)}$